



Building Services

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Annual Drinking Water Quality Report for 2023 Meadows, Public Safety Building And Central Kitchen 140 County Hwy 33W Cooperstown, New York 13326 (Public Water Supply NY3810482)

INTRODUCTION

To comply with state regulations, The Meadows of Otsego County will annually issue a report describing the quality of your drinking water. The purpose of this report is to raise your understanding of drinking water and awareness of the need to protect our drinking water sources. Last year, your tap water met all State drinking water health standards. We are proud to report that our system has never violated a maximum contaminant level or any other water quality standard. This report provides an overview of the previous and last year's water quality. Included are details about where your water comes from, what it contains and how it compares to State standards.

If you have any questions about this report or concerning your drinking water, please contact Timothy J. Donahue, Director of Building Services, at (607) 547-6422. We want you to be informed about your drinking water. If you want to learn more, please visit the Otsego County website at www.otsegocounty.com or attend any of our regularly scheduled County Board Meetings or monthly Public Works Committee. Please contact Carol D McGovern, Clerk of the Board, at (607) 547- 4202 for all dates and times.

WHERE DOES OUR WATER COME FROM?

In general, the sources of drinking water (both tap water and bottled water) include rivers, lakes, streams, ponds, reservoirs, springs and wells. As water travels over the surface of the land or through the ground, it dissolves naturally occurring minerals and can pick up substances resulting from the presence of animals or from human activities. Contaminants that may be present in source water include: microbial contaminants; inorganic contaminants; pesticides and herbicides; and organic chemical contaminants. In order to ensure that tap water is safe to drink, the State and the EPA prescribe regulations which limit the amount of certain contaminants in water provided by public water systems. The State Health Department's and the FDA's regulations establish limits for contaminants in bottled water which must provide the same protection for public health.

Our water system serves approximately 350 people and has 2 service connections. Our water source is two groundwater wells (well #1) 225 ft. deep and (well #2) 298 ft. deep. Well, #1 is located .3 miles west of the storage tank on the farm. Well, #2 is located in the Southeast corner of the Meadows complex property. We pump from the wells on an alternating basis. We do not draw from surface or raw water sources. The water undergoes treatment with chlorine and CARUS 8105, which serves as a corrosion control measure to prevent the leaching of lead and copper from the pipes. This treatment takes place before the water enters the storage tank. Furthermore, the

disinfectant levels are monitored every day to ensure that they are at the correct levels.

Potential sources of contamination for these wells would naturally include, but not be limited to: farming activities, erosion of natural deposits, soil and storm runoff. The well locations are constantly monitored for any activities that may contaminate them.

ARE THERE CONTAMINANTS IN OUR DRINKING WATER?

As the State regulations require, we routinely test your drinking water for numerous contaminants. These contaminants include total coliform, inorganic compounds, nitrate, nitrite, lead, copper, volatile organic compounds, trihalomethanes, halo acetic acids, and radiological and synthetic organic compounds. The table presented below depicts which compounds were detected in your drinking water. The State allows us to test for some contaminants less than once per year because the concentrations of these contaminants do not change frequently. Some of our data, though repetitive, is more than one year old.

It should be noted that all drinking water, including bottle drinking water may be reasonably expected to contain at least small amounts of some contaminants. The presence of contaminants and potential health effects can be obtained by calling the EPA's Safe Drinking Water Hotline (800) 426-4791 or the Oneonta (District Office) Health Department at (607) 432-3911.

Table of Detected Contaminants							
Contaminant	Violation Yes/No Yes/No	Date of Sample	Level Detected (Avg/Max) (Range)	Unit Measure- ment	Regulatory Limit (MCL, TT or AL)	MCLG	Likely Source of Contamination
Nitrate	NO	12/21/2023	0.011	mg/L	10	10	Runoff from fertilizer use; leaching from septic tanks, sewage; erosion of natural deposits.
Barium	NO	8/23/2022	0.16	mg/L	2	2	Discharge of drilling wastes; discharge from metal refineries; erosion of natural deposits.
Arsenic	NO	8/23/2022	3.1	ug/L	10	n/a	Erosion of natural deposits; runoff from orchards, runoff from glass and electronics production wastes.
Nickel	NO	8/23/2022	1.8	ug/L	n/a	n/a	Naturally occurring
Gross alpha activity (including radium – 226 but excluding radon and uranium)	NO	12/3/2020	0.749	pCi/L	15	0	Erosion of natural deposits
Combined radium – 226 and 228	NO	12/3/2020	0.1	pCi/L	5	0	Erosion of natural deposits
Copper	NO	9/12/2023	90%= 0.1215 ⁻¹ Range [0.017 - 0.17]	mg/L	AL = 1.3	1.3	Corrosion of household plumbing systems; Erosion of natural deposits; leaching from wood preservatives.
Total Trihalomethanes (TTHMs – chloroform, bromodichloromethane, dibromochloromethane, and bromoform)	NO	8/23/2022	40	ug/L	80	n/a	By-product of drinking water chlorination needed to kill harmful organisms. TTHMs are formed when source water contains organic matter.
Haloacetic Acids (mono-, di-, and trichloroacetic acid, and mono- and dibromoacetic acid)	NO	8/23/2022	4.7	ug/L	60	n/a	By-product of drinking water chlorination needed to kill harmful organisms.

Note:

1)The level presented represents the 90th percentile of the 5 sites tested. A percentile is a value on a scale of 100 that indicates the percent of a distribution that is equal to or below it. The 90th percentile is equal to or greater than 90% of the copper values detected at your water system. In this case, 5 samples were collected at your water system and the 90th percentile value was the 0.17 mg/L value. The action level for copper was **not exceeded** at any of the sites tested. The action level for **lead was not** detected.

Definitions:

Maximum Contaminant Level (MCL): The highest level of a contaminant that is allowed in drinking water. MCLs are set as close to the MCLGs as feasible.

Maximum Contaminant Level Goal (MCLG): The level of a contaminant in drinking water below which there is no known or expected risk to health. MCLGs allow for a margin of safety.

Action Level (AL): The concentration of a contaminant which, if exceeded, triggers treatment or other requirements which a water system must follow.

Milligrams per liter (mg/l): Corresponds to one part of liquid in one million parts of liquid (parts per million - ppm).

Micrograms per liter (ug/l): Corresponds to one part of liquid in one billion parts of liquid (parts per billion - ppb).

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Picocuries per liter (pCi/L): A measure of the radioactivity in water.

WHAT DOES THIS INFORMATION MEAN?

As you can see by the table, our system had no violations. We have learned through our testing that some contaminants have been detected; however, these contaminants were detected below New York State requirements. Please refer to the table of detected contaminants for levels and possible sources.

Lead can cause serious health problems, especially for pregnant women and young children. Lead in drinking water is primarily from materials and components associated with service lines and home plumbing. The Meadows, public safety building and central kitchen of Otsego County is responsible for providing high quality drinking water and removing lead pipes but cannot control the variety of materials used in plumbing components in your home. You share the responsibility for protecting yourself and your family from lead in your home plumbing and taking steps to reduce your family's risk. Before drinking tap water, flush your pipes for several minutes by running your tap, taking a shower, doing laundry or a load of dishes. You can also use a filter certified by an American National Standards Institute accredited certifier to reduce lead in drinking water. If you are concerned about lead in your water and wish to have your water tested, contact The Meadows, Public Safety building and central kitchen of Otsego County.

IS OUR WATER SYSTEM MEETING OTHER RULES THAT GOVERN OPERATIONS?

During 2023, our system was in compliance with applicable State drinking water operating, monitoring and reporting requirements.

DO I NEED TO TAKE SPECIAL PRECAUTIONS?

Although our drinking water met or exceeded State and Federal regulations, some people may be more vulnerable to disease causing microorganisms or pathogens in drinking water than the general population. Immuno-compromised persons such as persons with cancer undergoing chemotherapy, persons who have undergone organ transplants, people with HIV/AIDS or other immune system disorders, some elderly and infants can be particularly

at risk from infections. These people should seek advice from their health care provider about their drinking water. EPA/CDC guidelines on appropriate means to lessen the risk of infection by Cryptosporidium, Giardia and other microbial pathogens are available from the Safe Drinking Water Hotline (800) 426-4791.

EPA website

www.epa.gov/safewater/

**The Meadows/Otsego County Public Safety
Complex Water System NY3810482
AWQR Summary**

The NYS DOH has completed a source water assessment for this system based on available information. Possible and actual threats to the drinking water sources were evaluated. The State source water assessment includes a susceptibility rating based on the risk posed by each potential source of contamination and how easily contaminants can move through the subsurface to the wells.

The susceptibility rating is an estimate of the potential for contamination of the source water, it does not mean that the water delivered to consumers is, or will become contaminated. While nitrates (and other inorganic contaminants) were detected in our water, it should be noted that all drinking water, including bottled drinking water, might be reasonably expected to contain at least small amounts of some contaminants from natural sources. The presence of contaminants does not necessarily indicate that the water poses a health risk. The nitrate levels in our sources are not considered high in comparison with other sources in this area. See section “Are there contaminants in our drinking water?” for a list of the contaminants that have been detected.

As mentioned before, our water is derived from two drilled wells. The source water assessment has rated these wells as having a high/very high susceptibility to microbial, nitrates, industrial solvents and other industrial contaminants. These ratings are due primarily to the close proximity of permitted discharge facilities (Industrial/Commercial Facilities that discharge wastewater into the environment and are regulated by the State and/or Federal Government) – generally noted as SPDES or NPDES facilities, low intensity residential activities, pasture, manure pile(s) and fertilizer use/bulk storage facilities within the assessment area. In addition, the wells draw from fractured bedrock and the overlying soils are not known to provide adequate protection from potential contamination.

While the source water assessment rates our wells as being susceptible to microbial, please note that our water is disinfected to ensure that the finished water delivered into your facility meets New York State’s drinking water standards for microbial contamination.

A copy of the assessment including a map of the assessment area can be obtained visiting our website at www.otsegocounty.com or by contacting us as noted below.

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